1	ENROLLED
2	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
3	FOR
4	Senate Bill No. 12
5	(SENATOR STOLLINGS, original sponsor)
6	
7	[Passed March 8, 2014; in effect ninety days from passage.]
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10 AN ACT to amend the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, by adding thereto a new article, designated \$16-4F-1, \$16-4F-2, 11 12 \$16-4F-3, \$16-4F-4 and \$16-4F-5; to amend and reenact \$30-3-1413 and §30-3-16 of said code; to amend and reenact §30-5-3 of 14 said code; to amend and reenact §30-7-15a of said code; to amend and reenact \$30-14-11 of said code; and to amend and 15 reenact §30-14A-1 of said code, all relating to treatment for 16 a sexually transmitted disease; defining terms; permitting 17 18 prescribing of antibiotics to sexual partners of a patient 19 without a prior examination of the partner; requiring patient 20 counseling; establishing counseling criteria; requiring 21 information materials be prepared by the Department of Health 22 and Human Resources; providing limited liability for providing 23 expedited partnership therapy; requiring legislative rules 24 regarding what is considered a sexually transmitted disease; 25 providing that physicians, physician and assistants, 26 pharmacists and advanced nurse practitioners are not subject

- 1 to disciplinary action for providing certain treatment for
- 2 sexually transmitted diseases for sexual partners of a
- 3 patient.
- 4 Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:
- 5 That the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended
- 6 by adding thereto a new article, designated \$16-4F-1, \$16-4F-2,
- 7 \$16-4F-3, \$16-4F-4 and \$16-4F-5; that \$30-3-14 and \$30-3-16 of said
- 8 code be amended and reenacted; that \$30-5-3 of said code be amended
- 9 and reenacted; that \$30-7-15a of said code be amended and
- 10 reenacted; that §30-14-11 of said code be amended and reenacted;
- 11 and that §30-14A-1 of said code be amended and reenacted, all to
- 12 read as follows:
- 13 CHAPTER 16. PUBLIC HEALTH.
- 14 ARTICLE 4F. EXPEDITED PARTNER THERAPY.
- 15 §16-4F-1. Definitions.
- 16 As used in this article, unless the context otherwise
- 17 indicates, the following terms have the following meanings:
- 18 (1) "Department" means the West Virginia Department of Health
- 19 and Human Resources.
- 20 (2) "Expedited partner therapy" means prescribing, dispensing,
- 21 furnishing or otherwise providing prescription antibiotic drugs to
- 22 the sexual partner or partners of a person clinically diagnosed as
- 23 infected with a sexually transmitted disease without physical
- 24 examination of the partner or partners.
- 25 (3) "Health care professional" means:

- 1 (A) An allopathic physician licensed pursuant to the 2 provisions of article three, chapter thirty of this code;
- 3 (B) An osteopathic physician licensed pursuant to article 4 fourteen, chapter thirty of this code;
- 5 (C) A physician assistant licensed pursuant to the provisions 6 of section sixteen, article three, chapter thirty of this code or 7 article fourteen-a, chapter thirty of this code;
- 8 (D) An advanced practice registered nurse authorized with 9 prescriptive authority pursuant to the provisions of section 10 fifteen-a, article seven, chapter thirty of this code; or
- 11 (E) A pharmacist licensed pursuant to the provisions of 12 article five, chapter thirty of this code.
- 13 (4) "Sexually transmitted disease" means a disease that may be
  14 treated by expedited partner therapy as determined by rule of the
  15 department.

## 16 §16-4F-2. Expedited partner therapy.

17 (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the
18 contrary, a health care professional who makes a clinical diagnosis
19 of a sexually transmitted disease may, but is not required to,
20 provide expedited partner therapy for the treatment of the sexually
21 transmitted disease if in the judgment of the health care
22 professional the sexual partner is unlikely or unable to present
23 for comprehensive health care, including evaluation, testing and
24 treatment for sexually transmitted diseases. Expedited partner
25 therapy is limited to a sexual partner who may have been exposed to
26 a sexually transmitted disease within the previous sixty days and

- 1 who is able to be contacted by the patient.
- 2 (b) Any health care professional who provides expedited
- 3 partner therapy shall comply with all necessary provisions of
- 4 article four of this chapter.
- 5 (c) A health care professional who provides expedited partner
- 6 therapy shall provide counseling for the patient, including advice
- 7 that all women and symptomatic persons, and in particular women
- 8 with symptoms suggestive of pelvic inflammatory disease, are
- 9 encouraged to seek medical attention. The health care professional
- 10 shall also provide in written or electronic format materials
- 11 provided by the department to be given by the patient to his or her
- 12 sexual partner.

## 13 §16-4F-3. Informational materials.

- 14 (a) The department shall provide information and technical
- 15 assistance as appropriate to health care professionals who provide
- 16 expedited partner therapy. The department shall develop and
- 17 disseminate in electronic and other formats the following written
- 18 materials:
- 19 (1) Informational materials for sexual partners, as described
- 20 in subsection (c), section two of this article;
- 21 (2) Informational materials for persons who are repeatedly
- 22 diagnosed with sexually transmitted diseases; and
- 23 (3) Guidance for health care professionals on the safe and
- 24 effective provision of expedited partner therapy.
- 25 (b) The department may offer educational programs about
- 26 expedited partner therapy for health care professionals.

## 1 §16-4F-4. Limitation of liability; no requirement to fill improper

- 2 prescriptions.
- 3 (a) A health care professional who provides expedited partner
- 4 therapy in good faith without fee or compensation under this
- 5 article and provides counseling and written materials as required
- 6 in subsection (c), section two of this article is not subject to
- 7 civil or professional liability in connection with the provision of
- 8 the therapy, counseling and materials, except in the case of gross
- 9 negligence or willful misconduct.
- 10 (b) A pharmacist or pharmacy is not required to fill a
- 11 prescription that would cause that pharmacist or pharmacy to
- 12 violate any provision of the provisions of article five, chapter
- 13 thirty of this code.

## 14 **§16-4F-5**. Rulemaking.

- The Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Resources
- 16 shall propose rules for legislative approval in accordance with the
- 17 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code to
- 18 designate certain diseases as sexually transmitted diseases which
- 19 may be treated by expedited partner therapy. The department shall
- 20 consider the recommendations and classifications of the federal
- 21 Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease
- 22 Control and Prevention and other nationally recognized medical
- 23 authorities in making these designations.
- 24 CHAPTER 30. PROFESSIONS AND OCCUPATIONS.
- 25 ARTICLE 3. WEST VIRGINIA MEDICAL PRACTICE ACT.

- 1 §30-3-14. Professional discipline of physicians and podiatrists; 2 reporting of information to board pertaining to medical professional liability and professional 3 grounds incompetence required; penalties; 4 5 license denial and discipline of physicians and podiatrists; investigations; physical and mental 6 7 examinations; hearings; sanctions; 8 sanctions; reporting by the board; reapplication; 9 civil and criminal immunity; voluntary limitation of license; probable cause determinations. 10
- 11 (a) The board may independently initiate disciplinary
  12 proceedings as well as initiate disciplinary proceedings based on
  13 information received from medical peer review committees,
  14 physicians, podiatrists, hospital administrators, professional
  15 societies and others.
- The board may initiate investigations as to professional incompetence or other reasons for which a licensed physician or podiatrist may be adjudged unqualified based upon criminal convictions; complaints by citizens, pharmacists, physicians, podiatrists, peer review committees, hospital administrators, professional societies or others; or unfavorable outcomes arising out of medical professional liability. The board shall initiate an investigation if it receives notice that three or more judgments, or any combination of judgments and settlements resulting in five or more unfavorable outcomes arising from medical professional

- 1 liability, have been rendered or made against the physician or 2 podiatrist within a five-year period. The board may not consider 3 any judgments or settlements as conclusive evidence of professional 4 incompetence or conclusive lack of qualification to practice.
- (b) Upon request of the board, any medical peer review committee in this state shall report any information that may relate to the practice or performance of any physician or podiatrist known to that medical peer review committee. Copies of the requests for information from a medical peer review committee may be provided to the subject physician or podiatrist if, in the discretion of the board, the provision of such copies will not peopardize the board's investigation. In the event that copies are provided, the subject physician or podiatrist is allowed fifteen days to comment on the requested information and such comments must be considered by the board.
- The chief executive officer of every hospital shall, within sixty days after the completion of the hospital's formal disciplinary procedure and also within sixty days after the commencement of and again after the conclusion of any resulting legal action, report in writing to the board the name of any member of the medical staff or any other physician or podiatrist practicing in the hospital whose hospital privileges have been revoked, restricted, reduced or terminated for any cause, including resignation, together with all pertinent information relating to such action. The chief executive officer shall also report any other formal disciplinary action taken against any physician or

1 podiatrist by the hospital upon the recommendation of its medical 2 staff relating to professional ethics, medical incompetence, 3 medical professional liability, moral turpitude or drug or alcohol 4 abuse. Temporary suspension for failure to maintain records on a 5 timely basis or failure to attend staff or section meetings need 6 not be reported. Voluntary cessation of hospital privileges for 7 reasons unrelated to professional competence or ethics need not be 8 reported.

9 Any managed care organization operating in this state which 10 provides a formal peer review process shall report in writing to 11 the board, within sixty days after the completion of any formal 12 peer review process and also within sixty days after the 13 commencement of and again after the conclusion of any resulting 14 legal action, the name of any physician or podiatrist whose 15 credentialing has been revoked or not renewed by the managed care 16 organization. The managed care organization shall also report in 17 writing to the board any other disciplinary action taken against a 18 physician or podiatrist relating to professional 19 professional liability, moral turpitude or drug or alcohol abuse 20 within sixty days after completion of a formal peer review process 21 which results in the action taken by the managed care organization. 22 For purposes of this subsection, "managed care organization" means 23 a plan that establishes, operates or maintains a network of health 24 care providers who have entered into agreements with and been 25 credentialed by the plan to provide health care services to 26 enrollees or insureds to whom the plan has the ultimate obligation

- 1 to arrange for the provision of or payment for health care services
- 2 through organizational arrangements for ongoing quality assurance,
- 3 utilization review programs or dispute resolutions.
- 4 Any professional society in this state comprised primarily of
- 5 physicians or podiatrists which takes formal disciplinary action
- 6 against a member relating to professional ethics, professional
- 7 incompetence, medical professional liability, moral turpitude or
- 8 drug or alcohol abuse shall report in writing to the board within
- 9 sixty days of a final decision the name of the member, together
- 10 with all pertinent information relating to the action.
- Every person, partnership, corporation, association, insurance company, professional society or other organization providing professional liability insurance to a physician or podiatrist in this state, including the State Board of Risk and Insurance Management, shall submit to the board the following information within thirty days from any judgment or settlement of a civil or medical professional liability action excepting product liability actions: The name of the insured; the date of any judgment or settlement; whether any appeal has been taken on the judgment and, if so, by which party; the amount of any settlement or judgment against the insured; and other information required by the board.
- Within thirty days from the entry of an order by a court in a 23 medical professional liability action or other civil action in 24 which a physician or podiatrist licensed by the board is determined 25 to have rendered health care services below the applicable standard 26 of care, the clerk of the court in which the order was entered

1 shall forward a certified copy of the order to the board.

Within thirty days after a person known to be a physician or podiatrist licensed or otherwise lawfully practicing medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state or applying to be licensed is convicted of a felony under the laws of this state or of any crime under the laws of this state involving alcohol or drugs in any way, including any controlled substance under state or federal law, the clerk of the court of record in which the conviction was entered shall forward to the board a certified true and correct abstract of record of the convicting court. The abstract shall include the name and address of the physician or podiatrist or applicant, the nature of the offense committed and the final judgment and sentence of the court.

Upon a determination of the board that there is probable cause to believe that any person, partnership, corporation, association, insurance company, professional society or other organization has failed or refused to make a report required by this subsection, the board shall provide written notice to the alleged violator stating the nature of the alleged violation and the time and place at which the alleged violator shall appear to show good cause why a civil penalty should not be imposed. The hearing shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. After reviewing the record of the hearing, if the board determines that a violation of this subsection has occurred, the board shall assess a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 nor more than \$10,000 against the violator. The board shall

- 1 notify any person so assessed of the assessment in writing and the
  2 notice shall specify the reasons for the assessment. If the
  3 violator fails to pay the amount of the assessment to the board
  4 within thirty days, the Attorney General may institute a civil
  5 action in the circuit court of Kanawha County to recover the amount
  6 of the assessment. In any civil action, the court's review of the
  7 board's action shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions
  8 of section four, article five, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
  9 Notwithstanding any other provision of this article to the
  10 contrary, when there are conflicting views by recognized experts as
  11 to whether any alleged conduct breaches an applicable standard of
  12 care, the evidence must be clear and convincing before the board
  13 may find that the physician or podiatrist has demonstrated a lack
  14 of professional competence to practice with a reasonable degree of
  15 skill and safety for patients.
- Any person may report to the board relevant facts about the conduct of any physician or podiatrist in this state which in the opinion of that person amounts to medical professional liability or professional incompetence.
- The board shall provide forms for filing reports pursuant to 21 this section. Reports submitted in other forms shall be accepted 22 by the board.
- The filing of a report with the board pursuant to any 24 provision of this article, any investigation by the board or any 25 disposition of a case by the board does not preclude any action by 26 a hospital, other health care facility or professional society

- 1 comprised primarily of physicians or podiatrists to suspend,
- 2 restrict or revoke the privileges or membership of the physician or 3 podiatrist.
- 4 (c) The board may deny an application for license or other
- 5 authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry in this
- 6 state and may discipline a physician or podiatrist licensed or
- 7 otherwise lawfully practicing in this state who, after a hearing,
- 8 has been adjudged by the board as unqualified due to any of the
- 9 following reasons:
- 10 (1) Attempting to obtain, obtaining, renewing or attempting to
- 11 renew a license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry by
- 12 bribery, fraudulent misrepresentation or through known error of the
- 13 board;
- 14 (2) Being found guilty of a crime in any jurisdiction, which
- 15 offense is a felony, involves moral turpitude or directly relates
- 16 to the practice of medicine. Any plea of nolo contendere is a
- 17 conviction for the purposes of this subdivision;
- 18 (3) False or deceptive advertising;
- 19 (4) Aiding, assisting, procuring or advising any unauthorized
- 20 person to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry contrary to
- 21 law:
- 22 (5) Making or filing a report that the person knows to be
- 23 false; intentionally or negligently failing to file a report or
- 24 record required by state or federal law; willfully impeding or
- 25 obstructing the filing of a report or record required by state or
- 26 federal law; or inducing another person to do any of the foregoing.

- 1 The reports and records covered in this subdivision mean only those 2 that are signed in the capacity as a licensed physician or
- 3 podiatrist;
- 4 (6) Requesting, receiving or paying directly or indirectly a 5 payment, rebate, refund, commission, credit or other form of profit 6 or valuable consideration for the referral of patients to any 7 person or entity in connection with providing medical or other 8 health care services or clinical laboratory services, supplies of 9 any kind, drugs, medication or any other medical goods, services or 10 devices used in connection with medical or other health care 11 services;
- (7) Unprofessional conduct by any physician or podiatrist in referring a patient to any clinical laboratory or pharmacy in which the physician or podiatrist has a proprietary interest unless the physician or podiatrist discloses in writing such interest to the patient. The written disclosure shall indicate that the patient may choose any clinical laboratory for purposes of having any laboratory work or assignment performed or any pharmacy for purposes of purchasing any prescribed drug or any other medical goods or devices used in connection with medical or other health care services;
- As used in this subdivision, "proprietary interest" does not 23 include an ownership interest in a building in which space is 24 leased to a clinical laboratory or pharmacy at the prevailing rate 25 under a lease arrangement that is not conditional upon the income 26 or gross receipts of the clinical laboratory or pharmacy;

- 1 (8) Exercising influence within a patient-physician 2 relationship for the purpose of engaging a patient in sexual 3 activity;
- 4 (9) Making a deceptive, untrue or fraudulent representation in 5 the practice of medicine and surgery or podiatry;
- 6 (10) Soliciting patients, either personally or by an agent, 7 through the use of fraud, intimidation or undue influence;
- 8 (11) Failing to keep written records justifying the course of 9 treatment of a patient, including, but not limited to, patient 10 histories, examination and test results and treatment rendered, if 11 any;
- 12 (12) Exercising influence on a patient in such a way as to 13 exploit the patient for financial gain of the physician or 14 podiatrist or of a third party. Any influence includes, but is not 15 limited to, the promotion or sale of services, goods, appliances or 16 drugs;
- 17 (13) Prescribing, dispensing, administering, mixing or
  18 otherwise preparing a prescription drug, including any controlled
  19 substance under state or federal law, other than in good faith and
  20 in a therapeutic manner in accordance with accepted medical
  21 standards and in the course of the physician's or podiatrist's
  22 professional practice. A physician who discharges his or her
  23 professional obligation to relieve the pain and suffering and
  24 promote the dignity and autonomy of dying patients in his or her
  25 care and, in so doing, exceeds the average dosage of a pain
  26 relieving controlled substance, as defined in Schedules II and III

- 1 of the Uniform Controlled Substance Act, does not violate this
- 2 article. A physician licensed under this chapter may not be
- 3 disciplined for providing expedited partner therapy in accordance
- 4 with the provisions of article four-f, chapter sixteen of this
- 5 code;
- 6 (14) Performing any procedure or prescribing any therapy that,
- 7 by the accepted standards of medical practice in the community,
- 8 would constitute experimentation on human subjects without first
- 9 obtaining full, informed and written consent;
- 10 (15) Practicing or offering to practice beyond the scope
- 11 permitted by law or accepting and performing professional
- 12 responsibilities that the person knows or has reason to know he or
- 13 she is not competent to perform;
- 14 (16) Delegating professional responsibilities to a person when
- 15 the physician or podiatrist delegating the responsibilities knows
- 16 or has reason to know that the person is not qualified by training,
- 17 experience or licensure to perform them;
- 18 (17) Violating any provision of this article or a rule or
- 19 order of the board or failing to comply with a subpoena or subpoena
- 20 duces tecum issued by the board;
- 21 (18) Conspiring with any other person to commit an act or
- 22 committing an act that would tend to coerce, intimidate or preclude
- 23 another physician or podiatrist from lawfully advertising his or
- 24 her services;
- 25 (19) Gross negligence in the use and control of prescription
- 26 forms;

- 1 (20) Professional incompetence; or
- 2 (21) The inability to practice medicine and surgery or 3 podiatry with reasonable skill and safety due to physical or mental 4 impairment, including deterioration through the aging process, loss 5 of motor skill or abuse of drugs or alcohol. A physician or 6 podiatrist adversely affected under this subdivision shall be 7 afforded an opportunity at reasonable intervals to demonstrate that 8 he or she may resume the competent practice of medicine and surgery 9 or podiatry with reasonable skill and safety to patients. In any 10 proceeding under this subdivision, neither the record of 11 proceedings nor any orders entered by the board shall be used 12 against the physician or podiatrist in any other proceeding.
- (d) The board shall deny any application for a license or other authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state to any applicant who, and shall revoke the license of any physician or podiatrist licensed or otherwise lawfully practicing within this state who, is found guilty by any court of competent jurisdiction of any felony involving prescribing, selling, administering, dispensing, mixing or otherwise preparing any prescription drug, including any controlled substance under state or federal law, for other than generally accepted therapeutic purposes. Presentation to the board of a certified copy of the guilty verdict or plea rendered in the court is sufficient proof thereof for the purposes of this article. A plea of nolo contendere has the same effect as a verdict or plea of guilt. Upon application of a physician that has had his or her license revoked

because of a drug-related felony conviction, upon completion of any sentence of confinement, parole, probation or other court-ordered supervision and full satisfaction of any fines, judgments or other fees imposed by the sentencing court, the board may issue the applicant a new license upon a finding that the physician is, except for the underlying conviction, otherwise qualified to practice medicine: *Provided*, That the board may place whatever terms, conditions or limitations it deems appropriate upon a physician licensed pursuant to this subsection.

(e) The board may refer any cases coming to its attention to 10 committee of appropriate professional appropriate an 12 organization for investigation and report. Except for complaints 13 related to obtaining initial licensure to practice medicine and 14 surgery or podiatry in this state by bribery or fraudulent 15 misrepresentation, any complaint filed more than two years after 16 the complainant knew, or in the exercise of reasonable diligence 17 should have known, of the existence of grounds for the complaint 18 shall be dismissed: Provided, That in cases of conduct alleged to 19 be part of a pattern of similar misconduct or professional 20 incapacity that, if continued, would pose risks of a serious or 21 substantial nature to the physician's or podiatrist's current 22 patients, the investigating body may conduct limited 23 investigation related to the physician's or podiatrist's current 24 capacity and qualification to practice and may recommend 25 conditions, restrictions or limitations on the physician's or 26 podiatrist's license to practice that it considers necessary for

1 the protection of the public. Any report shall contain 2 recommendations for any necessary disciplinary measures and shall 3 be filed with the board within ninety days of any referral. The 4 recommendations shall be considered by the board and the case may 5 be further investigated by the board. The board after full 6 investigation shall take whatever action it considers appropriate, 7 as provided in this section.

(f) The investigating body, as provided in subsection (e) of 9 this section, may request and the board under any circumstances may 10 require a physician or podiatrist or person applying for licensure 11 or other authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry 12 in this state to submit to a physical or mental examination by a 13 physician or physicians approved by the board. A physician or 14 podiatrist submitting to an examination has the right, at his or 15 her expense, to designate another physician to be present at the 16 examination and make an independent report to the investigating 17 body or the board. The expense of the examination shall be paid by 18 the board. Any individual who applies for or accepts the privilege 19 of practicing medicine and surgery or podiatry in this state is 20 considered to have given his or her consent to submit to all 21 examinations when requested to do so in writing by the board and to 22 have waived all objections to the admissibility of the testimony or 23 examination report of any examining physician on the ground that 24 the testimony or report is privileged communication. If a person 25 fails or refuses to submit to an examination under circumstances 26 which the board finds are not beyond his or her control, failure or

- 1 refusal is prima facie evidence of his or her inability to practice
- 2 medicine and surgery or podiatry competently and in compliance with
- 3 the standards of acceptable and prevailing medical practice.
- 4 (g) In addition to any other investigators it employs, the
- 5 board may appoint one or more licensed physicians to act for it in
- 6 investigating the conduct or competence of a physician.
- 7 (h) In every disciplinary or licensure denial action, the
- 8 board shall furnish the physician or podiatrist or applicant with
- 9 written notice setting out with particularity the reasons for its
- 10 action. Disciplinary and licensure denial hearings shall be
- 11 conducted in accordance with the provisions of article five,
- 12 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code. However, hearings shall be
- 13 heard upon sworn testimony and the rules of evidence for trial
- 14 courts of record in this state shall apply to all hearings. A
- 15 transcript of all hearings under this section shall be made, and
- 16 the respondent may obtain a copy of the transcript at his or her
- 17 expense. The physician or podiatrist has the right to defend
- 18 against any charge by the introduction of evidence, the right to be
- 19 represented by counsel, the right to present and cross examine
- 20 witnesses and the right to have subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum
- 21 issued on his or her behalf for the attendance of witnesses and the
- 22 production of documents. The board shall make all its final
- 23 actions public. The order shall contain the terms of all action
- 24 taken by the board.
- 25 (i) In disciplinary actions in which probable cause has been
- 26 found by the board, the board shall, within twenty days of the date

1 of service of the written notice of charges or sixty days prior to 2 the date of the scheduled hearing, whichever is sooner, provide the 3 respondent with the complete identity, address and telephone number 4 of any person known to the board with knowledge about the facts of 5 any of the charges; provide a copy of any statements in the 6 possession of or under the control of the board; provide a list of 7 proposed witnesses with addresses and telephone numbers, with a 8 brief summary of his or her anticipated testimony; provide 9 disclosure of any trial expert pursuant to the requirements of Rule 10 26(b)(4) of the West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure; provide 11 inspection and copying of the results of any reports of physical 12 and mental examinations or scientific tests or experiments; and 13 provide a list and copy of any proposed exhibit to be used at the 14 hearing: Provided, That the board shall not be required to furnish 15 or produce any materials which contain opinion work product 16 information or would be a violation of the attorney-client 17 privilege. Within twenty days of the date of service of the 18 written notice of charges, the board shall disclose any exculpatory 19 evidence with a continuing duty to do so throughout the 20 disciplinary process. Within thirty days of receipt of the board's 21 mandatory discovery, the respondent shall provide the board with 22 the complete identity, address and telephone number of any person 23 known to the respondent with knowledge about the facts of any of 24 the charges; provide a list of proposed witnesses with addresses 25 and telephone numbers, to be called at hearing, with a brief 26 summary of his or her anticipated testimony; provide disclosure of

- 1 any trial expert pursuant to the requirements of Rule 26(b)(4) of
- 2 the West Virginia Rules of Civil Procedure; provide inspection and
- 3 copying of the results of any reports of physical and mental
- 4 examinations or scientific tests or experiments; and provide a list
- 5 and copy of any proposed exhibit to be used at the hearing.
- 6 (j) Whenever it finds any person unqualified because of any of
- 7 the grounds set forth in subsection (c) of this section, the board
- 8 may enter an order imposing one or more of the following:
- 9 (1) Deny his or her application for a license or other
- 10 authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry;
- 11 (2) Administer a public reprimand;
- 12 (3) Suspend, limit or restrict his or her license or other
- 13 authorization to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry for not
- 14 more than five years, including limiting the practice of that
- 15 person to, or by the exclusion of, one or more areas of practice,
- 16 including limitations on practice privileges;
- 17 (4) Revoke his or her license or other authorization to
- 18 practice medicine and surgery or podiatry or to prescribe or
- 19 dispense controlled substances for a period not to exceed ten
- 20 years;
- 21 (5) Require him or her to submit to care, counseling or
- 22 treatment designated by the board as a condition for initial or
- 23 continued licensure or renewal of licensure or other authorization
- 24 to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry;
- 25 (6) Require him or her to participate in a program of
- 26 education prescribed by the board;

- 1 (7) Require him or her to practice under the direction of a 2 physician or podiatrist designated by the board for a specified 3 period of time; and
- 4 (8) Assess a civil fine of not less than \$1,000 nor more than 5 \$10,000.
- (k) Notwithstanding the provisions of section eight, article
  7 one, chapter thirty of this code, if the board determines the
  8 evidence in its possession indicates that a physician's or
  9 podiatrist's continuation in practice or unrestricted practice
  10 constitutes an immediate danger to the public, the board may take
  11 any of the actions provided in subsection (j) of this section on a
  12 temporary basis and without a hearing if institution of proceedings
  13 for a hearing before the board are initiated simultaneously with
  14 the temporary action and begin within fifteen days of the action.
  15 The board shall render its decision within five days of the
  16 conclusion of a hearing under this subsection.
- (1) Any person against whom disciplinary action is taken pursuant to the provisions of this article has the right to judicial review as provided in articles five and six, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code: *Provided*, That a circuit judge may also remand the matter to the board if it appears from competent evidence presented to it in support of a motion for remand that there is newly discovered evidence of such a character as ought to produce an opposite result at a second hearing on the merits before the board and:
- 26 (1) The evidence appears to have been discovered since the

- 1 board hearing; and
- 2 (2) The physician or podiatrist exercised due diligence in 3 asserting his or her evidence and that due diligence would not have 4 secured the newly discovered evidence prior to the appeal.
- A person may not practice medicine and surgery or podiatry or 6 deliver health care services in violation of any disciplinary order 7 revoking, suspending or limiting his or her license while any 8 appeal is pending. Within sixty days, the board shall report its 9 final action regarding restriction, limitation, suspension or 10 revocation of the license of a physician or podiatrist, limitation 11 on practice privileges or other disciplinary action against any 12 physician or podiatrist to all appropriate state agencies, 13 appropriate licensed health facilities and hospitals, insurance 14 companies or associations writing medical malpractice insurance in 15 this state, the American Medical Association, the American Podiatry 16 Association, professional societies of physicians or podiatrists in 17 the state and any entity responsible for the fiscal administration 18 of Medicare and Medicaid.
- (m) Any person against whom disciplinary action has been taken 20 under the provisions of this article shall, at reasonable 21 intervals, be afforded an opportunity to demonstrate that he or she 22 can resume the practice of medicine and surgery or podiatry on a 23 general or limited basis. At the conclusion of a suspension, 24 limitation or restriction period the physician or podiatrist may 25 resume practice if the board has so ordered.
- 26 (n) Any entity, organization or person, including the board,

- 1 any member of the board, its agents or employees and any entity or
  2 organization or its members referred to in this article, any
  3 insurer, its agents or employees, a medical peer review committee
  4 and a hospital governing board, its members or any committee
  5 appointed by it acting without malice and without gross negligence
  6 in making any report or other information available to the board or
  7 a medical peer review committee pursuant to law and any person
  8 acting without malice and without gross negligence who assists in
  9 the organization, investigation or preparation of any such report
  10 or information or assists the board or a hospital governing body or
  11 any committee in carrying out any of its duties or functions
  12 provided by law is immune from civil or criminal liability, except
  13 that the unlawful disclosure of confidential information possessed
  14 by the board is a misdemeanor as provided in this article.
- (o) A physician or podiatrist may request in writing to the board a limitation on or the surrendering of his or her license to 17 practice medicine and surgery or podiatry or other appropriate 18 sanction as provided in this section. The board may grant the 19 request and, if it considers it appropriate, may waive the 20 commencement or continuation of other proceedings under this 21 section. A physician or podiatrist whose license is limited or 22 surrendered or against whom other action is taken under this 23 subsection may, at reasonable intervals, petition for removal of 24 any restriction or limitation on or for reinstatement of his or her 25 license to practice medicine and surgery or podiatry.
- 26 (p) In every case considered by the board under this article

- 1 regarding discipline or licensure, whether initiated by the board 2 or upon complaint or information from any person or organization, 3 the board shall make a preliminary determination as to whether 4 probable cause exists to substantiate charges of disqualification 5 due to any reason set forth in subsection (c) of this section. If 6 probable cause is found to exist, all proceedings on the charges 7 shall be open to the public who are entitled to all reports, 8 records and nondeliberative materials introduced at the hearing, 9 including the record of the final action taken: Provided, That any 10 medical records, which were introduced at the hearing and which 11 pertain to a person who has not expressly waived his or her right 12 to the confidentiality of the records, may not be open to the 13 public nor is the public entitled to the records.
- (q) If the board receives notice that a physician or podiatrist has been subjected to disciplinary action or has had his or her credentials suspended or revoked by the board, a hospital or a professional society, as defined in subsection (b) of this section, for three or more incidents during a five-year period, the board shall require the physician or podiatrist to practice under the direction of a physician or podiatrist designated by the board for a specified period of time to be established by the board.
- (r) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this article, the 23 board may, at any time, on its own motion, or upon motion by the 24 complainant, or upon motion by the physician or podiatrist, or by 25 stipulation of the parties, refer the matter to mediation. The 26 board shall obtain a list from the West Virginia State Bar's

1 mediator referral service of certified mediators with expertise in 2 professional disciplinary matters. The board and the physician or 3 podiatrist may choose a mediator from that list. If the board and 4 the physician or podiatrist are unable to agree on a mediator, the 5 board shall designate a mediator from the list by neutral rotation. 6 The mediation shall not be considered a proceeding open to the 7 public and any reports and records introduced at the mediation 8 shall not become part of the public record. The mediator and all 9 participants in the mediation shall maintain and preserve the 10 confidentiality of all mediation proceedings and records. 11 mediator may not be subpoenaed or called to testify or otherwise be 12 subject to process requiring disclosure of confidential information 13 in any proceeding relating to or arising out of the disciplinary or 14 licensure matter mediated: Provided, That any confidentiality 15 agreement and any written agreement made and signed by the parties 16 as a result of mediation may be used in any proceedings 17 subsequently instituted to enforce the written agreement. The 18 agreements may be used in other proceedings if the parties agree in 19 writing.

20 §30-3-16. Physician assistants; definitions; Board of Medicine
21 rules; annual report; licensure; temporary license;
22 relicensure; job description required; revocation or
23 suspension of licensure; responsibilities of
24 supervising physician; legal responsibility for
25 physician assistants; reporting by health care

- facilities; identification; limitations on
  employment and duties; fees; continuing education;

  unlawful representation of physician assistant as a
  physician; criminal penalties.
- 5 (a) As used in this section:
- 6 (1) "Approved program" means an educational program for 7 physician assistants approved and accredited by the Committee on 8 Accreditation of Allied Health Education Programs or its successor;
- 9 (2) "Health care facility" means any licensed hospital,
  10 nursing home, extended care facility, state health or mental
  11 institution, clinic or physician's office;
- 12 (3) "Physician assistant" means an assistant to a physician 13 who is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in primary 14 health care or surgery, has attained a baccalaureate or master's 15 degree, has passed the national certification examination and is 16 qualified to perform direct patient care services under the 17 supervision of a physician;
- (4) "Physician assistant-midwife" means a physician assistant who meets all qualifications set forth under subdivision (3) of this subsection and fulfills the requirements set forth in subsection (d) of this section, is subject to all provisions of this section and assists in the management and care of a woman and her infant during the prenatal, delivery and post-natal periods; and
- 25 (5) "Supervising physician" means a doctor or doctors of

- 1 medicine or podiatry permanently and fully licensed in this state 2 without restriction or limitation who assume legal and supervisory 3 responsibility for the work or training of any physician assistant 4 under his or her supervision.
- 5 The board shall promulgate rules pursuant 6 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code 7 governing the extent to which physician assistants may function in 8 this state. The rules shall provide that the physician assistant 9 is limited to the performance of those services for which he or she 10 is trained and that he or she performs only under the supervision 11 and control of a physician permanently licensed in this state but 12 that supervision and control does not require the personal presence 13 of the supervising physician at the place or places where services 14 are rendered if the physician assistant's normal place 15 employment is on the premises of the supervising physician. 16 supervising physician may send the physician assistant off the 17 premises to perform duties under his or her direction but a 18 separate place of work for the physician assistant may not be 19 established. In promulgating the rules, the board shall allow the 20 physician assistant to perform those procedures and examinations 21 and, in the case of certain authorized physician assistants, to 22 prescribe at the direction of his or her supervising physician, in 23 accordance with subsection (r) of this section, those categories of 24 drugs submitted to it in the job description required by this 25 section. Certain authorized physician assistants may pronounce 26 death in accordance with the rules proposed by the board which

- 1 receive legislative approval. The board shall compile and publish
- 2 an annual report that includes a list of currently licensed
- 3 physician assistants and their supervising physician(s) and
- 4 location in the state.
- 5 (c) The board shall license as a physician assistant any
- 6 person who files an application together with a proposed job
- 7 description and furnishes satisfactory evidence to it that he or
- 8 she has met the following standards:
- 9 (1) Is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in
- 10 primary health care or surgery;
- 11 (2) Has passed the certifying examination for a primary care
- 12 physician assistant administered by the National Commission on
- 13 Certification of Physician Assistants and has maintained
- 14 certification by that commission so as to be currently certified;
- 15 (3) Is of good moral character; and
- 16 (4) Has attained a baccalaureate or master's degree.
- 17 (d) The board shall license as a physician assistant-midwife
- 18 any person who meets the standards set forth under subsection (c)
- 19 of this section and, in addition thereto, the following standards:
- 20 (1) Is a graduate of a school of midwifery accredited by the
- 21 American College of Nurse-Midwives;
- 22 (2) Has passed an examination approved by the board; and
- 23 (3) Practices midwifery under the supervision of a board-
- 24 certified obstetrician, gynecologist or a board-certified family
- 25 practice physician who routinely practices obstetrics.
- 26 (e) The board may license as a physician assistant any person

- 1 who files an application together with a proposed job description
- 2 and furnishes satisfactory evidence that he or she is of good moral
- 3 character and meets either of the following standards:
- 4 (1) He or she is a graduate of an approved program of
- 5 instruction in primary health care or surgery prior to July 1,
- 6 1994, and has passed the certifying examination for a physician
- 7 assistant administered by the National Commission on Certification
- 8 of Physician Assistants and has maintained certification by that
- 9 commission so as to be currently certified; or
- 10 (2) He or she had been certified by the board as a physician
- 11 assistant then classified as Type B prior to July 1, 1983.
- 12 (f) Licensure of an assistant to a physician practicing the
- 13 specialty of ophthalmology is permitted under this section:
- 14 Provided, That a physician assistant may not dispense a
- 15 prescription for a refraction.
- 16 (g) When a graduate of an approved program who has
- 17 successfully passed the National Commission on Certification of
- 18 Physician Assistants certifying examination submits an application
- 19 to the board for a physician assistant license, accompanied by a
- 20 job description as referenced by this section, and a \$50 temporary
- 21 license fee, and the application is complete, the board shall issue
- 22 to that applicant a temporary license allowing that applicant to
- 23 function as a physician assistant.
- 24 (h) When a graduate of an approved program submits an
- 25 application to the board for a physician assistant license,
- 26 accompanied by a job description as referenced by this section, and

- 1 a \$50 temporary license fee, and the application is complete, the
  2 board shall issue to the applicant a temporary license allowing the
  3 applicant to function as a physician assistant until the applicant
  4 successfully passes the National Commission on Certification of
  5 Physician Assistants certifying examination so long as the
  6 applicant sits for and obtains a passing score on the examination
- 8 (i) No applicant may receive a temporary license who,
  9 following graduation from an approved program, has not obtained a
  10 passing score on the examination.

7 next offered following graduation from the approved program.

- 11 (j) A physician assistant who has not been certified by the 12 National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants will 13 be restricted to work under the direct supervision of the 14 supervising physician.
- (k) A physician assistant who has been issued a temporary license shall, within thirty days of receipt of written notice from the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants of his or her performance on the certifying examination, notify the board in writing of his or her results. In the event of failure of that examination, the temporary license shall terminate automatically and the board shall so notify the physician assistant in writing.
- 23 (1) In the event a physician assistant fails a recertification 24 examination of the National Commission on Certification of 25 Physician Assistants and is no longer certified, the physician 26 assistant shall immediately notify his or her supervising physician

- 1 or physicians and the board in writing. The physician assistant 2 shall immediately cease practicing, the license shall terminate 3 automatically and the physician assistant is not eligible for 4 reinstatement until he or she has obtained a passing score on the 5 examination.
- 6 (m) A physician applying to the board to supervise a physician
  7 assistant shall affirm that the range of medical services set forth
  8 in the physician assistant's job description are consistent with
  9 the skills and training of the supervising physician and the
  10 physician assistant. Before a physician assistant can be employed
  11 or otherwise use his or her skills, the supervising physician and
  12 the physician assistant must obtain approval of the job description
  13 from the board. The board may revoke or suspend any license of an
  14 assistant to a physician for cause, after giving the assistant an
  15 opportunity to be heard in the manner provided by article five,
  16 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code and as set forth in rules duly
  17 adopted by the board.
- (n) The supervising physician is responsible for observing,
  19 directing and evaluating the work, records and practices of each
  20 physician assistant performing under his or her supervision. He or
  21 she shall notify the board in writing of any termination of his or
  22 her supervisory relationship with a physician assistant within ten
  23 days of the termination. The legal responsibility for any
  24 physician assistant remains with the supervising physician at all
  25 times including occasions when the assistant under his or her
  26 direction and supervision aids in the care and treatment of a

- 1 patient in a health care facility. In his or her absence, a
  2 supervising physician must designate an alternate supervising
  3 physician but the legal responsibility remains with the supervising
  4 physician at all times. A health care facility is not legally
  5 responsible for the actions or omissions of the physician assistant
  6 unless the physician assistant is an employee of the facility.
- 7 (o) The acts or omissions of a physician assistant employed by 8 health care facilities providing inpatient or outpatient services 9 are the legal responsibility of the facilities. Physician 10 assistants employed by facilities in staff positions shall be 11 supervised by a permanently licensed physician.
- (p) A health care facility shall report in writing to the 13 board within sixty days after the completion of the facility's 14 formal disciplinary procedure and after the commencement and 15 conclusion of any resulting legal action, the name of any physician 16 assistant practicing in the facility whose privileges at the 17 facility have been revoked, restricted, reduced or terminated for 18 any cause including resignation, together with all pertinent 19 information relating to the action. The health care facility shall 20 also report any other formal disciplinary action taken against any 21 physician assistant by the facility relating to professional 22 ethics, medical incompetence, medical malpractice, moral turpitude 23 or drug or alcohol abuse. Temporary suspension for failure to 24 maintain records on a timely basis or failure to attend staff or 25 section meetings need not be reported.
- 26 (q) When functioning as a physician assistant, the physician

- 1 assistant shall wear a name tag that identifies him or her as a 2 physician assistant. A two and one-half by three and one-half inch
- 3 card of identification shall be furnished by the board upon
- 4 licensure of the physician assistant.
- 5 (r) A physician assistant may write or sign prescriptions or
- 6 transmit prescriptions by word of mouth, telephone or other means
- 7 of communication at the direction of his or her supervising
- 8 physician. A fee of \$50 will be charged for prescription-writing
- 9 privileges. The board shall promulgate rules pursuant to the
- 10 provisions of article three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code
- 11 governing the eligibility and extent to which a physician assistant
- 12 may prescribe at the direction of the supervising physician. The
- 13 rules shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
- 14 (1) Provisions and restrictions for approving a state
- 15 formulary classifying pharmacologic categories of drugs that may be
- 16 prescribed by a physician assistant are as follows:
- 17 (A) Schedules I and II of the Uniform Controlled Substances
- 18 Act, antineoplastic, radiopharmaceuticals, general anesthetics and
- 19 radiographic contrast materials shall be excluded from the
- 20 formulary;
- 21 (B) Drugs listed under Schedule III shall be limited to a 72-
- 22 hour supply without refill;
- 23 (C) In addition to the above-referenced provisions and
- 24 restrictions and at the direction of a supervising physician, the
- 25 rules shall permit the prescribing of an annual supply of any drug,
- 26 with the exception of controlled substances, which is prescribed

- 1 for the treatment of a chronic condition, other than chronic pain 2 management. For the purposes of this section, a "chronic 3 condition" is a condition which lasts three months or more, 4 generally cannot be prevented by vaccines, can be controlled but 5 not cured by medication and does not generally disappear. These 6 conditions, with the exception of chronic pain, include, but are 7 not limited to, arthritis, asthma, cardiovascular disease, cancer, 8 diabetes, epilepsy and seizures and obesity. The prescriber 9 authorized in this section shall note on the prescription the 10 chronic disease being treated.
- 11 (D) Categories of other drugs may be excluded as determined by 12 the board.
- 13 (2) All pharmacological categories of drugs to be prescribed 14 by a physician assistant shall be listed in each job description 15 submitted to the board as required in subsection (i) of this 16 section;
- 17 (3) The maximum dosage a physician assistant may prescribe;
- 18 (4) A requirement that to be eligible for prescription
  19 privileges, a physician assistant shall have performed patient care
  20 services for a minimum of two years immediately preceding the
  21 submission to the board of the job description containing
  22 prescription privileges and shall have successfully completed an
  23 accredited course of instruction in clinical pharmacology approved
  24 by the board; and
- 25 (5) A requirement that to maintain prescription privileges, a 26 physician assistant shall continue to maintain national

- 1 certification as a physician assistant and, in meeting the national 2 certification requirements, shall complete a minimum of ten hours 3 of continuing education in rational drug therapy in each 4 certification period. Nothing in this subsection permits a 5 physician assistant to independently prescribe or dispense drugs;
- 7 (6) A provision that a physician assistant licensed under this 8 chapter may not be disciplined for providing expedited partner 9 therapy in accordance with the provisions of article four-f, 10 chapter sixteen of this code.

6 and

- (s) A supervising physician may not supervise at any one time more than three full-time physician assistants or their equivalent, a except that a physician may supervise up to four hospital-employed physician assistants. No physician shall supervise more than four physician assistants at any one time.
- (t) A physician assistant may not sign any prescription,
  recept in the case of an authorized physician assistant at the
  direction of his or her supervising physician in accordance with
  the provisions of subsection (r) of this section. A physician
  assistant may not perform any service that his or her supervising
  physician is not qualified to perform. A physician assistant may
  not perform any service that is not included in his or her job
  description and approved by the board as provided in this section.
- 24 (u) The provisions of this section do not authorize a 25 physician assistant to perform any specific function or duty 26 delegated by this code to those persons licensed as chiropractors,

- 1 dentists, dental hygienists, optometrists or pharmacists or 2 certified as nurse anesthetists.
- (v) Each application for licensure submitted by a licensed supervising physician under this section is to be accompanied by a fee of \$200. A fee of \$100 is to be charged for the biennial renewal of the license. A fee of \$50 is to be charged for any change or addition of supervising physician or change or addition of job location. A fee of \$50 will be charged for prescriptive writing privileges.
- (w) As a condition of renewal of physician assistant license,

  11 each physician assistant shall provide written documentation of

  12 participation in and successful completion during the preceding

  13 two-year period of continuing education, in the number of hours

  14 specified by the board by rule, designated as Category I by the

  15 American Medical Association, American Academy of Physician

  16 Assistants or the Academy of Family Physicians and continuing

  17 education, in the number of hours specified by the board by rule,

  18 designated as Category II by the Association or either Academy.
- 19 (x) Notwithstanding any provision of this chapter to the 20 contrary, failure to timely submit the required written 21 documentation results in the automatic expiration of any license as 22 a physician assistant until the written documentation is submitted 23 to and approved by the board.
- 24 (y) If a license is automatically expired and reinstatement is 25 sought within one year of the automatic expiration, the former 26 licensee shall:

- 1 (1) Provide certification with supporting written
- 2 documentation of the successful completion of the required
- 3 continuing education;
- 4 (2) Pay a renewal fee; and
- 5 (3) Pay a reinstatement fee equal to fifty percent of the 6 renewal fee.
- 7 (z) If a license is automatically expired and more than one
- 8 year has passed since the automatic expiration, the former licensee
- 9 shall:
- 10 (1) Apply for a new license;
- 11 (2) Provide certification with supporting written
- 12 documentation of the successful completion of the required
- 13 continuing education; and
- 14 (3) Pay such fees as determined by the board.
- 15 (aa) It is unlawful for any physician assistant to represent
- 16 to any person that he or she is a physician, surgeon or podiatrist.
- 17 A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty
- 18 of a felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a
- 19 state correctional facility for not less than one nor more than two
- 20 years, or be fined not more than \$2,000, or both fined and
- 21 imprisoned.
- 22 (bb) All physician assistants holding valid certificates
- 23 issued by the board prior to July 1, 1992, are licensed under this
- 24 section.
- 25 ARTICLE 5. PHARMACISTS, PHARMACY TECHNICIANS, PHARMACY INTERNS
- 26 **AND PHARMACIES.**

- 1 §30-5-3. When licensed pharmacist required; person not licensed
  2 pharmacist, pharmacy technician or licensed intern not
  3 to compound prescriptions or dispense poisons or
  4 narcotics; licensure of interns; prohibiting the
  5 dispensing of prescription orders in absence of
  6 practitioner-patient relationship.
- 7 (a) It is unlawful for any person not a pharmacist, or who 8 does not employ a pharmacist, to conduct any pharmacy or store for 9 the purpose of retailing, compounding or dispensing prescription 10 drugs or prescription devices.
- (b) It is unlawful for the proprietor of any store or 11 12 pharmacy, any "ambulatory health care facility", as that term is 13 defined in section one, article five-b, chapter sixteen of this 14 code, that offers pharmaceutical care, or a facility operated to 15 provide health care or mental health care services free of charge 16 or at a reduced rate and that operates a charitable clinic pharmacy 17 to permit any person not a pharmacist to compound or dispense 18 prescriptions or prescription refills or to retail or dispense the 19 poisons and narcotic drugs named in sections two, three and six, 20 article eight, chapter sixteen of this code: Provided, That a 21 licensed intern may compound and dispense prescriptions or 22 prescription refills under the direct supervision of a pharmacist: 23 Provided, however, That registered pharmacy technicians may assist 24 in the preparation and dispensing of prescriptions or prescription 25 refills, including, but not limited to, reconstitution of liquid

- 1 medications, typing and affixing labels under the direct 2 supervision of a licensed pharmacist.
- 3 (c) It is the duty of a pharmacist or employer who employs an 4 intern to license the intern with the board within ninety days 5 after employment. The board shall furnish proper forms for this 6 purpose and shall issue a certificate to the intern upon licensure.
- 7 (d) The experience requirement for licensure as a pharmacist 8 shall be computed from the date certified by the supervising 9 pharmacist as the date of entering the internship. If the 10 internship is not registered with the Board of Pharmacy, then the 11 intern shall receive no credit for the experience when he or she 12 makes application for examination for licensure as a pharmacist: 13 Provided, That credit may be given for the unregistered experience 14 if an appeal is made and evidence produced showing experience was 15 obtained but not registered and that failure to register the 16 internship experience was not the fault of the intern.
- (e) An intern having served part or all of his or her internship in a pharmacy in another state or foreign country shall be given credit for the same when the affidavit of his or her internship is signed by the pharmacist under whom he or she served, and it shows the dates and number of hours served in the internship and when the affidavit is attested by the secretary of the State Board of Pharmacy of the state or country where the internship was served.
- 25 (f) Up to one third of the experience requirement for 26 licensure as a pharmacist may be fulfilled by an internship in a

- 1 foreign country.
- 2 (g) No pharmacist may compound or dispense any prescription
- 3 order when he or she has knowledge that the prescription was issued
- 4 by a practitioner without establishing a valid practitioner-patient
- 5 relationship. An online or telephonic evaluation by questionnaire,
- 6 or an online or telephonic consultation, is inadequate to establish
- 7 a valid practitioner-patient relationship: Provided, That this
- 8 prohibition does not apply:
- 9 (1) In a documented emergency;
- 10 (2) In an on-call or cross-coverage situation;
- 11 (3) For the treatment of sexually transmitted diseases by
- 12 expedited partner therapy as set forth in article four-f, chapter
- 13 sixteen of this code; or
- 14 (4) Where patient care is rendered in consultation with
- 15 another practitioner who has an ongoing relationship with the
- 16 patient and who has agreed to supervise the patient's treatment,
- 17 including the use of any prescribed medications.
- 18 ARTICLE 7. REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL NURSES.
- 19 §30-7-15a. Prescriptive authority for prescription drugs;
- 20 coordination with Board of Pharmacy.
- 21 (a) The board may, in its discretion, authorize an advanced
- 22 practice registered nurse to prescribe prescription drugs in a
- 23 collaborative relationship with a physician licensed to practice in
- 24 West Virginia and in accordance with applicable state and federal
- 25 laws. An authorized advanced practice registered nurse may write

- 1 or sign prescriptions or transmit prescriptions verbally or by 2 other means of communication.
- 3 (b) For purposes of this section an agreement to a 4 collaborative relationship for prescriptive practice between a 5 physician and an advanced practice registered nurse shall be set 6 forth in writing. Verification of the agreement shall be filed 7 with the board by the advanced practice registered nurse. The 8 board shall forward a copy of the verification to the Board of
- (1) Mutually agreed upon written guidelines or protocols for 12 prescriptive authority as it applies to the advanced practice

13 registered nurse's clinical practice;

9 Medicine and the Board of Osteopathic Medicine. Collaborative

10 agreements shall include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 14 (2) Statements describing the individual and shared 15 responsibilities of the advanced practice registered nurse and the 16 physician pursuant to the collaborative agreement between them;
- 17 (3) Periodic and joint evaluation of prescriptive practice; 18 and
- 19 (4) Periodic and joint review and updating of the written 20 guidelines or protocols.
- (c) The board shall promulgate legislative rules in accordance with the provisions of chapter twenty-nine-a of this code governing the eligibility and extent to which an advanced practice registered nurse may prescribe drugs. Such rules shall provide, at a minimum, a state formulary classifying those categories of drugs which shall not be prescribed by advanced practice registered nurse including,

- 1 but not limited to, Schedules I and II of the Uniform Controlled 2 Substances Act, antineoplastics, radiopharmaceuticals and general 3 anesthetics. Drugs listed under Schedule III shall be limited to 4 a 72-hour supply without refill. The rules shall also include a 5 provision that advanced nurse practitioners licensed under this 6 chapter may not be disciplined for providing expedited partner 7 therapy in accordance with the provisions of article four-f, 8 chapter sixteen of this code. In addition to the above-referenced 9 provisions and restrictions and pursuant to a collaborative 10 agreement as set forth in subsections (a) and (b) of this section, 11 the rules shall permit the prescribing of an annual supply of any 12 drug, with the exception of controlled substances, which is 13 prescribed for the treatment of a chronic condition, other than 14 chronic pain management. For the purposes of this section, a 15 "chronic condition" is a condition which lasts three months or 16 more, generally cannot be prevented by vaccines, can be controlled 17 but not cured by medication and does not generally disappear. 18 These conditions, with the exception of chronic pain, include, but 19 are not limited to, arthritis, asthma, cardiovascular disease, 20 cancer, diabetes, epilepsy and seizures and obesity. The 21 prescriber authorized in this section shall the 22 prescription the chronic disease being treated.
- 23 (d) The board shall consult with other appropriate boards for 24 the development of the formulary.
- 25 (e) The board shall transmit to the Board of Pharmacy a list 26 of all advanced practice registered nurses with prescriptive

- 1 authority. The list shall include:
- 2 (1) The name of the authorized advanced practice registered 3 nurse:
- 4 (2) The prescriber's identification number assigned by the 5 board; and
- 6 (3) The effective date of prescriptive authority.
- 7 ARTICLE 14. OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
- 8 §30-14-11. Refusal, suspension or revocation of license;
- 9 suspension or revocation of certificate of
- 10 authorization.
- 11 (a) The board may either refuse to issue or may suspend or
- 12 revoke any license for any one or more of the following causes:
- 13 (1) Conviction of a felony, as shown by a certified copy of
- 14 the record of the trial court;
- 15 (2) Conviction of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude;
- 16 (3) Violation of any provision of this article regulating the
- 17 practice of osteopathic physicians and surgeons;
- 18 (4) Fraud, misrepresentation or deceit in procuring or
- 19 attempting to procure admission to practice;
- 20 (5) Gross malpractice;
- 21 (6) Advertising by means of knowingly false or deceptive
- 22 statements;
- 23 (7) Advertising, practicing or attempting to practice under a
- 24 name other than one's own;
- 25 (8) Habitual drunkenness or habitual addiction to the use of

- 1 morphine, cocaine or other habit-forming drugs.
- 2 (b) The board shall also have the power to suspend or revoke
- 3 for cause any certificate of authorization issued by it. It shall
- 4 have the power to reinstate any certificate of authorization
- 5 suspended or revoked by it.
- 6 (c) An osteopathic physician licensed under this chapter may
- 7 not be disciplined for providing expedited partner therapy in
- 8 accordance with the provisions of article four-f, chapter sixteen
- 9 of this code.
- 10 ARTICLE 14A. ASSISTANTS TO OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS.
- 11 §30-14A-1. Osteopathic physician assistant to osteopathic
- physicians and surgeons; definitions; Board of
- Osteopathy rules; licensure; temporary licensure;
- renewal of license; job description required;
- 15 revocation or suspension of license;
- responsibilities of the supervising physician;
- 17 legal responsibility for osteopathic physician
- assistants; reporting of disciplinary procedures;
- 19 identification; limitation on employment and
- duties; fees; unlawful use of the title of
- osteopathic physician assistant; unlawful
- 22 representation of an osteopathic physician
- assistant as a physician; criminal penalties.
- 24 (a) As used in this section:
- 25 (1) "Approved program" means an educational program for

- 1 osteopathic physician assistants approved and accredited by the
- 2 Committee on Allied Health Education and Accreditation or its 3 successor.
- 4 (2) "Board" means the Board of Osteopathy established under 5 the provisions of article fourteen, chapter thirty of this code.
- 6 (3) "Direct supervision" means the presence of the supervising
  7 physician at the site where the osteopathic physician assistant
  8 performs medical duties.
- 9 (4) "Health care facility" means any licensed hospital,
  10 nursing home, extended care facility, state health or mental
  11 institution, clinic or physician's office.
- (5) "License" means a certificate issued to an osteopathic physician assistant who has passed the examination for a primary care or surgery physician assistant administered by the National Board of Medical Examiners on behalf of the National Commission on Certification of Physician Assistants. All osteopathic physician assistants holding valid certificates issued by the board prior to March 31, 2010, are licensed under the provisions of this article, but must renew the license pursuant to the provisions of this article.
- 21 (6) "Osteopathic physician assistant" means an assistant to an 22 osteopathic physician who is a graduate of an approved program of 23 instruction in primary care or surgery, has passed the National 24 Certification Examination and is qualified to perform direct 25 patient care services under the supervision of an osteopathic 26 physician.

- 1 (7) "Supervising physician" means a doctor of osteopathy
  2 permanently licensed in this state who assumes legal and
  3 supervising responsibility for the work or training of an
  4 osteopathic physician assistant under his or her supervision.
- 5 (b) The board shall propose emergency and legislative rules 6 for legislative approval pursuant to the provisions of article 7 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code, governing the extent to 8 which osteopathic physician assistants may function in this state. 9 The rules shall provide that:
- 10 (1) The osteopathic physician assistant is limited to the 11 performance of those services for which he or she is trained;
- (2) The osteopathic physician assistant performs only under the supervision and control of an osteopathic physician permanently licensed in this state but such supervision and control does not require the personal presence of the supervising physician at the place or places where services are rendered if the osteopathic physician assistant's normal place of employment is on the premises of the supervising physician. The supervising physician may send the osteopathic physician assistant off the premises to perform duties under his or her direction, but a separate place of work for the osteopathic physician assistant may not be established;
- 22 (3) The board may allow the osteopathic physician assistant to 23 perform those procedures and examinations and, in the case of 24 authorized osteopathic physician assistants, to prescribe at the 25 direction of his or her supervising physician in accordance with 26 subsections (p) and (q) of this section those categories of drugs

- 1 submitted to it in the job description required by subsection (f) 2 of this section; and
- 3 (4) An osteopathic physician assistant may not be disciplined 4 for providing expedited partner therapy in accordance with the 5 provisions of article four-f, chapter sixteen of this code.
- 6 (c) The board shall compile and publish an annual report that
  7 includes a list of currently licensed osteopathic physician
  8 assistants and their employers and location in the state.
- 9 (d) The board shall license as an osteopathic physician 10 assistant a person who files an application together with a 11 proposed job description and furnishes satisfactory evidence that 12 he or she has met the following standards:
- 13 (1) Is a graduate of an approved program of instruction in 14 primary health care or surgery;
- 15 (2) Has passed the examination for a primary care or surgery 16 physician assistant administered by the National Board of Medical 17 Examiners on behalf of the National Commission on Certification of 18 Physician Assistants; and
- 19 (3) Is of good moral character.
- (e) When a graduate of an approved program submits an application to the board, accompanied by a job description in 22 conformity with this section, for an osteopathic physician assistant license, the board may issue to the applicant a temporary license allowing the applicant to function as an osteopathic physician assistant for the period of one year. The temporary license may be renewed for one additional year upon the request of

- $1\ \ \mbox{the supervising physician.}$  An osteopathic physician assistant who
- 2 has not been certified as such by the National Board of Medical
- 3 Examiners on behalf of the National Commission on Certification of
- 4 Physician Assistants will be restricted to work under the direct
- 5 supervision of the supervising physician.

15 and nine, article one of this chapter.

- 6 (f) An osteopathic physician applying to the board to
  7 supervise an osteopathic physician assistant shall provide a job
  8 description that sets forth the range of medical services to be
  9 provided by the assistant. Before an osteopathic physician
  10 assistant can be employed or otherwise use his or her skills, the
  11 supervising physician must obtain approval of the job description
  12 from the board. The board may revoke or suspend a license of an
  13 assistant to a physician for cause, after giving the person an
  14 opportunity to be heard in the manner provided by sections eight
- (g) The supervising physician is responsible for observing, directing and evaluating the work records and practices of each osteopathic physician assistant performing under his or her supervision. He or she shall notify the board in writing of any termination of his or her supervisory relationship with an osteopathic physician assistant within ten days of his or her termination. The legal responsibility for any osteopathic physician assistant remains with the supervising physician at all times, including occasions when the assistant, under his or her direction and supervision, aids in the care and treatment of a patient in a health care facility. In his or her absence, a

- 1 supervising physician must designate an alternate supervising 2 physician but the legal responsibility remains with the supervising 3 physician at all times. A health care facility is not legally 4 responsible for the actions or omissions of an osteopathic 5 physician assistant unless the osteopathic physician assistant is 6 an employee of the facility.
- 7 (h) The acts or omissions of an osteopathic physician 8 assistant employed by health care facilities providing in-patient 9 services are the legal responsibility of the facilities. 10 Osteopathic physician assistants employed by such facilities in 11 staff positions shall be supervised by a permanently licensed 12 physician.
- (i) A health care facility shall report in writing to the board within sixty days after the completion of the facility's formal disciplinary procedure, and after the commencement and the conclusion of any resulting legal action, the name of an osteopathic physician assistant practicing in the facility whose privileges at the facility have been revoked, restricted, reduced or terminated for any cause including resignation, together with all pertinent information relating to such action. The health care facility shall also report any other formal disciplinary action taken against an osteopathic physician assistant by the facility relating to professional ethics, medical incompetence, medical malpractice, moral turpitude or drug or alcohol abuse. Temporary suspension for failure to maintain records on a timely basis or failure to attend staff or section meetings need not be reported.

- 1 (j) When functioning as an osteopathic physician assistant,
- 2 the osteopathic physician assistant shall wear a name tag that
- 3 identifies him or her as a physician assistant.
- 4 (k) (1) A supervising physician shall not supervise at any
- 5 time more than three osteopathic physician assistants except that
- 6 a physician may supervise up to four hospital-employed osteopathic
- 7 physician assistants: Provided, That an alternative supervisor has
- 8 been designated for each.
- 9 (2) An osteopathic physician assistant shall not perform any
- 10 service that his or her supervising physician is not qualified to
- 11 perform.
- 12 (3) An osteopathic physician assistant shall not perform any
- 13 service that is not included in his or her job description and
- 14 approved by the board as provided in this section.
- 15 (4) The provisions of this section do not authorize an
- 16 osteopathic physician assistant to perform any specific function or
- 17 duty delegated by this code to those persons licensed as
- 18 chiropractors, dentists, registered nurses, licensed practical
- 19 nurses, dental hygienists, optometrists or pharmacists or certified
- 20 as nurse anesthetists.
- 21 (1) An application for license or renewal of license shall be
- 22 accompanied by payment of a fee established by legislative rule of
- 23 the Board of Osteopathy pursuant to the provisions of article
- 24 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code.
- 25 (m) As a condition of renewal of an osteopathic physician
- 26 assistant license, each osteopathic physician assistant shall

1 provide written documentation satisfactory to the board of
2 participation in and successful completion of continuing education
3 in courses approved by the Board of Osteopathy for the purposes of
4 continuing education of osteopathic physician assistants. The
5 osteopathy board shall propose legislative rules for minimum
6 continuing hours necessary for the renewal of a license. These
7 rules shall provide for minimum hours equal to or more than the
8 hours necessary for national certification. Notwithstanding any
9 provision of this chapter to the contrary, failure to timely submit
10 the required written documentation results in the automatic
11 suspension of a license as an osteopathic physician assistant until
12 the written documentation is submitted to and approved by the
13 board.

- (n) It is unlawful for any person who is not licensed by the board as an osteopathic physician assistant to use the title of osteopathic physician assistant or to represent to any other person that he or she is an osteopathic physician assistant. A person who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not more than \$2,000.
- (o) It is unlawful for an osteopathic physician assistant to 22 represent to any person that he or she is a physician. A person 23 who violates the provisions of this subsection is guilty of a 24 felony and, upon conviction thereof, shall be imprisoned in a state 25 correctional facility for not less than one nor more than two 26 years, or be fined not more than \$2,000, or both fined and

1 imprisoned.

(p) An osteopathic physician assistant may write or sign 3 prescriptions or transmit prescriptions by word of mouth, telephone 4 or other means of communication at the direction of his or her 5 supervising physician. The board shall propose rules 6 legislative approval in accordance with the provisions of article 7 three, chapter twenty-nine-a of this code governing the eligibility 8 and extent to which an osteopathic physician assistant may 9 prescribe at the direction of the supervising physician. The rules 10 shall provide for a state formulary classifying pharmacologic 11 categories of drugs which may be prescribed by such an osteopathic 12 physician assistant. In classifying such pharmacologic categories, 13 those categories of drugs which shall be excluded include, but are 14 not limited to, Schedules I and II of the Uniform Controlled 15 Substances Act, antineoplastics, radiopharmaceuticals, general 16 anesthetics and radiographic contrast materials. Drugs listed 17 under Schedule III are limited to a 72-hour supply without refill. 18 In addition to the above-referenced provisions and restrictions and 19 at the direction of a supervising physician, the rules shall permit 20 the prescribing an annual supply of any drug other than controlled 21 substances which is prescribed for the treatment of a chronic 22 condition other than chronic pain management. For the purposes of 23 this section, a "chronic condition" is a condition which last three 24 months or more, generally cannot be prevented by vaccines, can be 25 controlled but not cured by medication and does not generally 26 disappear. These conditions include, but are not limited to,

- 1 arthritis, asthma, cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes,
- 2 epilepsy and seizures and obesity. The prescriber authorized in
- 3 this section shall note on the prescription the condition for which
- 4 the patient is being treated. The rules shall provide that all
- 5 pharmacological categories of drugs to be prescribed by an
- 6 osteopathic physician assistant be listed in each job description
- 7 submitted to the board as required in this section. The rules
- 8 shall provide the maximum dosage an osteopathic physician assistant
- 9 may prescribe.
- 10 (q) (1) The rules shall provide that to be eligible for such
- 11 prescription privileges, an osteopathic physician assistant must:
- 12 (A) Submit an application to the board for prescription
- 13 privileges;
- 14 (B) Have performed patient care services for a minimum of two
- 15 years immediately preceding the application; and
- 16 (C) Have successfully completed an accredited course of
- 17 instruction in clinical pharmacology approved by the board.
- 18 (2) The rules shall provide that to maintain prescription
- 19 privileges, an osteopathic physician assistant shall:
- 20 (A) Continue to maintain national certification as an
- 21 osteopathic physician assistant; and
- 22 (B) Complete a minimum of ten hours of continuing education in
- 23 rational drug therapy in each licensing period.
- 24 (3) Nothing in this subsection permits an osteopathic
- 25 physician assistant to independently prescribe or dispense drugs.